CHOU ASSOCIATES FUND CHOU ASIA FUND CHOU EUROPE FUND CHOU RRSP FUND

SEMI-ANNUAL REPORT

2005

CHOU ASSOCIATES FUND

Illustration of an Assumed Investment of \$10,000

	Value of Initial	Value of	Value of	Total Value of
	\$10,000	Cumulative	Cumulative	Shares
	Investment	Reinvested	Reinvested	
		Capital	Dividends	
Period Ended		Distributions		
Dec.31, 1986	\$10,000	0	0	10,000
Dec.31, 1987	9,259	506	737	10,502
Dec.31, 1988	9,765	1,129	1,106	12,001
Dec.31, 1989	10,861	1,601	1,783	14,244
Dec.31, 1990	8,973	1,322	2,427	12,722
Dec.31, 1991	10,213	2,269	3,198	15,681
Dec.31, 1992	12,030	2,843	3,944	18,817
Dec.31, 1993	13,343	4,147	4,374	21,863
Dec.31, 1994	12,863	3,998	4,440	21,300
Dec.31, 1995	15,281	6,960	5,663	27,904
Dec.31, 1996	18,370	8,367	7,498	34,235
Dec.31, 1997	21,068	14,882	12,085	48,035
Dec.31, 1998	23,975	19,892	15,320	59,187
Dec.31, 1999	21,216	18,470	13,803	53,489
Dec.31, 2000	21,345	18,891	17,731	57,967
Dec.31, 2001	23,975	24,377	22,045	70,397
Dec.31, 2002	29,775	33,657	28,072	91,504
Dec.31, 2003	30,194	36,111	28,467	94,773
Dec.31, 2004	32,241	40,446	30,632	103,319
June 30, 2005				<u>\$111,213</u>

Note: The indicated returns are the historical annual compounded total returns assuming reinvestment of distributions and do not take into account sales, redemption, distribution or income taxes payable by the investor. Mutual funds are not guaranteed. Their values fluctuate and past performance may <u>not</u> be repeated.

Dear Unitholders of the Chou Funds:

The results of the Chou Funds are as follows:

As of June 30, 2005	NAV	% Cash	6Month	1 YR	3YRS	5YRS	10YRS
		Holding					
Chou Associates Fund	\$75.37	34%	7.6%	12.4%	11.1%	15.2%	16.4%
S&P 500 Total Return	1	1	-0.8%	6.3%	8.1%	-2.4%	9.9%
S&P 500 Total Return	-	-	1.3%	-2.4%	0.8%	-6.0%	8.7%
(\$Cdn)							
Chou RRSP Fund	\$30.22	28%	6.7%	13.8%	12.7%	18.5%	18.7%
S&P/TSX Total	-	-	8.1%	18.0%	13.6%	1.1%	10.0%
Return							
Chou Asia Fund	\$12.32	54%	1.8%	5.8%	-	-	-
MSCI AC Asia	-	-	0.9%	1.3%	-	-	-
Pacific							
Chou Europe Fund	\$12.94	55%	9.3%	16.4%	-	-	-
MSCI AC Europe	-	-	2.4%	8.1%	-	-	-

• The indicated returns are the historical annual compounded total returns assuming reinvestment of distributions and do not take into account sales, redemption, distribution or income taxes payable by the investor. Mutual funds are not guaranteed. Their values fluctuate and past performance may <u>not</u> be repeated.

National Instrument 81-106 and proposed National Instrument 81-107

National Instrument 81-106 is a new regulation that will impose important new continuous disclosure requirements for mutual funds. The new rule will impose specific requirements on the form and content of financial statements. In addition, it requires the fund manager to write a management report on the performance of the fund (somewhat similar to Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") for public companies) and the fund must disclose how it voted its proxy on each of its portfolio holdings.

Although some of the reporting requirements may appear onerous and unnecessary, it is important that financial statements be as transparent as possible. If we are going to err, it is preferable to err on the side of providing a greater amount of information that is accurate and useful.

We know from experience that management of public companies understand that investors use different metrics for different industries to measure a company's net worth. These metrics are a standard of measurement specific to the industry being measured. Problems occur in that management, aware of the metric being used to measure their own company, may be tempted to use this knowledge to stretch the GAAP rules in order to make their financials look better. Many investors have learned, much to their chagrin, that it is important to examine closely the metric being used to measure the company's net worth and then check every item that goes into that calculation.

When management adopts soft accounting to downplay the impact of poor financials, they are ignoring reality, are in denial, and are doing a great disservice to themselves, employees and shareholders. In the end, what management may fail to realize is that any illusory gains achieved by playing with numbers to make financials look good may lead to a much greater loss - their

credibility and reputation. Instead, management should adopt the most conservative accounting treatment and tackle their problems head on. As the saying goes, the moment you face up to the problem, you are well on the way to resolving 90% of it.

In essence, if a gun were to be pointed at our heads and we have to accept disclosure requirements that make the financials more transparent, we would quote Clint Eastwood and say, "Make my day."

Proposed National Instrument 81-107

NI 81-107 has been renamed "Independent Review Committee for Investment Funds" (the "Instrument"). Under the Instrument, every investment fund that is a reporting issuer must establish an independent review committee (the "IRC") comprised of at least 3 individuals to oversee all conflict of interest matters faced by the fund manager in the operation of the fund. The IRC would be required to have a chair who is responsible for managing the committee, and who acts as a liaison between the manager and the fund.

There are aspects of the Instrument that we agree and disagree with:

The parts we agree with include:

- 1) Those dealing with conflict of interest that may arise between a manager's own interest and that of his or her duty to manage the fund in the best interest of the fund. These are conflicts relating to the operation of the fund by the manager, and are not specifically regulated under the securities legislation such as the fund's decision to charge operational or incentive fees to the fund; or to allocate securities among funds in a fund group; or to use affiliates in fund operations including as service providers or in securities lending.
- 2) Other conflicts include those that result from proposed transactions by the manager with related entities of the manager, fund or portfolio manager and which are currently prohibited or restricted by the conflict of interest and self-dealing provisions for example, transactions of securities of related parties.

The parts we disagree with include:

- 1) Orientation and continuing education: The manager must provide each IRC member with an orientation program and support any continuing education (at the expense of the fund). In addition, the members of the IRC can reasonably supplement any such training at the expense of the fund.
- 2) Self-assessment: The IRC must conduct a full review of its effectiveness as a committee and the contribution of individual members, at least annually, again at the expense of the fund.
- 3) IRC masquerading as a whistleblower: The IRC would be given explicit authority to report certain conflict of interest matters or securities law breaches directly to the securities regulators. This may lead to a highly adversarial relationship with the manager.
- 4) Some mandatory reporting to unitholders and the manager. Again at the expense of the fund.

5) The Office of the Chief Economist at the Ontario Securities Commission speculates that smaller funds may have to pay as much as \$250,000 per annum to run an IRC. We believe that this number is a conservative estimate and that it will escalate in the future.

If this Instrument is passed as it is proposed, it will impose higher costs and an enormous burden on all mutual funds, including Chou Funds. It will raise the MER substantially, with debatable benefit, to the unitholders. It is unfortunate and unfair that this broad sweeping net will take with it funds that are being run honestly and ethically. In life, we see it happen repeatedly where a small minority of wrongdoers are responsible for a string of scandals - understandably raising a huge public uproar - and Regulators react by imposing an onerous burden on any and all fund managers without regard to cost (in many cases, unnecessary), the people required to make it happen, and the management time needed to meet the new requirements.

We hope that the trend does not progress to the point whereby the portfolio manager cannot express his or her views in a forthright manner. Already there are reports that if one admits to making a mistake one can be sued under the Instrument for not exercising the degree of care, diligence and skill that a reasonable person would exercise in similar circumstances. In the 2004 Annual Report, for example, on the advice of counsel, it was necessary to add a small disclaimer, '...the letter contains estimates and opinions of the Fund Manager and is not intended to be a forecast of future events, a guarantee of future returns or investment advice. Any recommendations contained herein may not be suitable for all investors.'

We believe that our investors would like to hear from their portfolio manager in a straightforward and forthright manner on how he or she is looking at the investment landscape rather than have the letter drastically rewritten by public relations or legal counsel.

Derivatives

We need to give unitholders 60 days prior written notice before engaging in derivative transactions. At this time, the Chou Funds are not allowed to enter into derivative transactions other than currency hedging and writing covered calls.

Derivative instruments are financial instruments created by market participants so that they can trade and/or manage more easily the asset upon which these instruments are based. Derivatives are not asset classes unto themselves. Their values are derived solely from an underlying interest, which may be a commodity such as wheat or a financial product such as a bond or stock, a foreign currency, or an economic/stock index.

Derivative instruments are most useful in hedging against market declines and in many ways are similar to currency hedging. Hedging is the attempt to eliminate or reduce the risk of holding the stock portfolio. We have expressed concern over the years with the high market levels and the paucity of bargains in the marketplace. As a result, we have maintained a high cash balance. By hedging the portfolio, wholly or partially against market declines, the Chou Funds could be more fully invested than before. This is one of the attractions of using derivatives.

The Chou Funds are also interested in Credit Default Swap ("CDS"). We may be interested in other derivative products as time goes by. Within the Credit Derivative category, CDS is the most straightforward form of derivative. One party sells credit protection and the other party buys credit protection. Put another way, one party is selling insurance and the counterparty is buying insurance against the default of the third party's debt. The Chou Funds would be interested in 'buying' insurance.

Potential Maximum Loss: The most we would stand to lose is the premium that we have to pay for getting the insurance against the default of the third party's debt. For example, let's assume we enter into a credit default swap for two years with a counterparty against the default of the debt of the company called 'ABC'. The notional amount is \$100 million and we agree to pay them 50 basis points (half of one percent) or \$500,000 per year for two years. At most, what we could lose is the premium i.e., \$500,000 per year or \$1 million in total for 2 years.

Potential Gains:

- 1) If ABC defaults and its debt is now trading at 40 cents on the dollar, the cash payoff would be \$60 million. This is the windfall gain that one can occasionally expect, however it is a 'best case' scenario and not a given.
- 2) ABC does not need to default on the debt. If the market senses that the economy and/or the ABC company is about to face some economic headwind, it may reprice the premium from 50 basis points to 300 basis points or more. We can then unwind/offset the contract at any time for a price greater than 50 basis points. If we unwind the contract at 300 basis points, we would receive \$3 million. In essence, this is what CDS is about.

We would not engage in any derivative transaction whereby the losses could be multiples of the funds we have committed to the transaction. For instance, the counterparty, in the example given above, can lose multiples of the 50 basis points premium that they are receiving. They are obviously confident of the economic prospects of ABC for the next two years and the premium they receive will be enhancing their return. We, obviously, think that the premium is too low and is priced for a Goldilock's type economy and does not justify the risk the counterparty is taking.

Some 3 to 4 years ago, the premiums were priced closer to 300 basis points versus the 20 to 50 basis points currently for companies with similar financial characteristics. We think CDS are among the better buys today.

Chou Bond Fund

We are planning to open Chou Bond Fund on September 16, 2005, subject to the approval of the various securities commissions in Canada. It will be under the category of 'Foreign Bond Fund'. We expect the Prospectus to be ready by that time. The minimum initial investment is \$10,000, as with the other Chou Funds. Please be aware of the risks involved including that of the Manager who has not invested heavily in that area. However, we feel confident that if we apply the same value principles we used in the past in investing in equities, we will do reasonably well in the future. Caveat emptor!!

As we have done when we launched the Chou Asia Fund and Chou Europe Fund, we will not charge the full management fee of 1.15% from now to the end of 2006. We will charge a fee only to cover the trailer fees paid to dealers and financial planners (0.15%).

Market Outlook

We continue to have problems finding genuine bargains in the market. We are diligently hunting for them and most times we are finding 'value trap' stocks that we would not touch with a barge pole. Most of these stocks can be grouped under the "If it looks like garbage, smells like garbage, don't eat it" category. We continue to voice our deep reservations about the overvaluations of the market and the potential negative impact on the Chou Funds.

Other Matters

Quebec: We are opening the Chou Funds to Quebec residents. We hope to receive approval some time in September 2005, around the time we expect the Prospectus to get renewed.

Fee Based ("F") Class shares: Due to consistent requests from financial planners and dealers, the Chou Funds will have a new class of shares called F class shares. In this class the dealers will not receive any trailer fees but they can charge any fee with the consent of their client.

Foreign Currency Hedging: Chou Associates Fund and Chou RRSP Fund have hedged \$US 60 million and \$US 20 million respectively.

Chou RRSP Fund: We previously indicated that the Chou RRSP Fund was closing to new investors as at March 21, 2005. The decision to close was based on the 30% foreign content restriction and the limited value investments available in Canada. Since the federal government eliminated the RRSP foreign content restrictions, the Chou RRSP Fund will continue to accept new unitholders for the foreseeable future. Chou RRSP Fund will look for bargains in Canada first before looking in other countries.

\$US Dollar Valuation: We intend to also have the Chou Funds valued in \$US. We hope to receive approval some time in September 2005. Any unitholder who requests to purchase the Chou Funds in \$US will then be able to do so.

Redemption fee: We have a redemption fee of 2% if unitholders redeem their units in less than 2 years. None of this fee goes to the Fund Manager. It is put back into the Fund for the benefit of the remaining unitholders. We hope this fee is enough to dissuade short-term investors from jumping in and out of the Fund to chase short-term performance.

Except for the performance numbers of the Chou Funds, the remainder of the above letter contains estimates and opinions of the Fund Manager and is not intended to be a forecast of future events, a guarantee of future returns or investment advice. Any recommendations contained herein may not be suitable for all investors.

Yours truly,

Francis Chou Fund Manager

Francis Chon

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS AS AT JUNE 30, 2005

(Unaudited)	CHOU ASSOCIATES FUND
ASSETS	
Cash and treasury bills	\$ 87,679,232
Accounts receivable	2,335,740
Investments at market value	189,071,878
Unrealized F/X gain	1,904,828
	280,991,678
LIABLITIES	
Accounts payable and accrued charges	\$ 477,062
Premium covered call option	6,168,540
NET ASSETS AT MARKET VALUE	\$ 274,346,075
N. A. W. D. W. L. OVINDAD	\$ 55.05
Net Asset Value Per Unit (NAVPU)	\$ 75.37
NAVPU, December 31, 2004	\$ 70.03
% change from December 31, 2004	7.6%
Units Outstanding, June 30, 2005	3,639,760

STATEMENT OF INCOME AND EXPENSE FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

(Unaudited)	CHOU ASSOCIATES FUND
INCOME	
Dividends	\$ 640,657
Interest	2,147,925
Other Income	192,887
	2,981,469
EXPENSES	
Management Fees	1,836,842
Custodian & Record keeping Fees	122,600
Filing Fees	12,000
Audit	2,500
Legal	-
Fundserv Fees	9,366
Foreign Withholding Taxes	88,172
	<u>2,071,480</u>
NET INVESTMENT INCOME	909,989
REALIZED GAIN FROM INVESTMENT SOLD	977,149
TOTAL INCOME	\$ 1,887,138
Net Investment Income Per Unit	\$ 0.25
Total Income Per Unit	\$ 0.52

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS **AS AT JUNE 30, 2005**

CHOU RRSP FUND	CHOU ASIA FUND	CHOU EUROPE FUND
\$ 71,625,101	\$ 14,627,199	\$ 4,698,529
554,851	243,705	73,139
178,998,490	14,110,188	5,078,617
793,974	_ _	
251,972,416	28,981,092	9,850,286
\$ 425,702	\$ 806,311	\$ 784,300
727,053	877,298	309,880
\$ 250,819,661	\$ 27,297,483	\$ 8,756,106
\$ 30.22	\$ 12.32	\$ 12.94
\$ 28.31	\$ 12.10	\$ 11.83
6.7%	1.8%	9.3%
8,300,547	2,215,277	676,676

STATEMENT OF INCOME AND EXPENSE FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED **JUNE 30, 2005**

CHOU RRSP FUND	CHOU ASIA FUND	CHOU EUROPE FUND
\$ 1,412,924	\$ 59,488	\$ 13,964
991,661	325,485	98,705
2,404,585	384,973	112,669
1,752,412	184,573	53,466
124,500	11,880	4,966
9,500	2,400	1,160
3,502	500	_ ·
, -	-	435
9,217	680	260
75,855	-	-
1,974,986	200,032	60,287
429,599	184,941	52,382
(1,075,374)	(6,740)	51,132
\$ (645,775)	\$ 178,201	\$ 103,514
\$ 0.05	\$ 0.08	\$ 0.08
\$ (0.08)	\$ 0.08	\$ 0.15

CHOU ASSOCIATES FUND STATEMENT OF INVESTMENTS AS AT JUNE 30, 2005

	Number of Shares	Average Cost	Market Value
SHARES*			
Berkshire Hathaway Inc., Class A	75	\$ 8,122,588	\$ 7,676,514
Boskalis Westminster	360,367	11,590,142	17,243,080
BT Group PLC	1,850,000	7,655,743	9,345,486
Cable & Wireless Publications, ADR	25,600	216,524	250,101
Cable & Wireless Publications PLC	500,000	577,936	1,633,538
Cardinal Health Inc.	75,000	4,096,911	5,293,577
Criimi Mae, REITS	396,479	3,463,901	10,619,105
GB Holdings Inc.	270,000	1,019,202	1,621,721
Global Crossing	415,602	9,169,123	8,696,159
Interstate Bakeries	383,500	2,308,230	3,295,336
King Pharmaceuticals Inc.	1,190,000	14,588,878	15,199,559
MCI Inc.	549,761	11,465,170	17,325,760
North Fork Bancorporation	108,750	3,162,477	3,744,530
OCA Inc.	676,600	7,270,300	1,559,215
Sears Holdings Corp.	133,700	4,101,890	24,561,926
Utah Medical Products Inc.	71,480	1,558,626	1,875,934
UTStarcom Inc.	100,000	895,116	918,117
World Acceptance Corp.	105,113	1,212,155	3,871,838
XO Communications Inc.	3,557,554	15,659,706	11,599,772
		\$ 108,134,618	\$ 146,331,268
BONDS			
Allegiance Telecom 12.875%, 2008	2,425,000	1,649,660	445,881
Global Crossing UK Fin 10.75%, 2014	12,500,000	14,578,621	13,866,757
Level 3 Comm., conv. 6%, 2010	11,575,000	7,630,093	7,519,919
Level 3 Comm., conv. 6%, 2009	13,398,000	8,523,738	8,868,497
Level 3 Comm. 12.875%, 2010	6,898,000	7,084,425	6,891,236
UTStarcom, conv. 0.875%, 2008	6,000,000	4,730,261	5,148,321
		\$ 44,196,798	\$ 42,740,611
TOTAL		\$ 152,331,416	\$ 189,071,879

^{*} Common Shares Unless Indicated Otherwise.

CHOU RRSP FUND STATEMENT OF INVESTMENTS AS AT JUNE 30, 2005

	Number of Shares	Average Cost	Market Value
SHARES			
Akita Drilling Ltd., Class A	160,000	1,535,003	2,664,000
Amisco Industries Ltd.	97,700	543,440	542,235
Berkshire Hathaway Inc., Class A	15	1,606,722	1,535,303
Biovail Corp.	814,500	15,482,261	15,402,195
BMTC Group Inc., Class A	678,956	6,584,918	9,159,116
Boskalis Westminster	250,000	7,948,014	11,962,166
BT Group PLC	1,150,000	4,660,963	5,809,356
Caldwell Partners Int'l Inc., Class A	472,900	905,795	827,575
Consolidated Tomoka Ltd	23,000	1,010,455	2,424,614
Corus Entertainment Inc., Class B	96,700	2,276,339	3,026,710
Danier Leather	554,300	5,517,640	5,653,860
Descartes Systems Group Inc.	2,809,600	4,578,431	7,445,440
Emergis Inc.	1,100,000	3,762,000	3,443,000
Glacier Ventures Int'l Corp.	142,328	114,432	448,333
GSW Inc., Class B	51,000	1,099,050	3,774,000
Hanfeng Evergreen Inc.	1,000,000	2,000,000	2,400,000
Hanfeng Evergreen Inc., Warrants	500,000	-	-
Hollinger Inc., Retractable Common	134,248	715,025	805,488
Heroux Devtek Inc.	122,800	597,451	509,620
Interstate Bakeries	420,000	2,217,531	3,608,973
Int'l Forest Products Ltd., Class A	465,400	2,177,466	3,085,602
Isotechnika Inc.	939,700	1,774,242	2,133,119
King Pharmaceuticals	1,000,000	10,499,384	12,772,738
Liquidation World Inc.	1,155,000	5,100,958	5,197,500
Magna Int'l, Class A	80,000	6,318,894	6,884,800
MCI Inc.	549,780	11,386,805	17,326,359
MRRM Inc.	57,500	288,938	474,375
Norwall Group Inc.	53,300	200,265	101,270
OCA Inc.	460,500	4,199,670	1,061,216
Rainmaker Income Fund	2,345,800	7,690,157	7,670,766
Rogers Sugar Income Fund	274,500	996,515	1,276,425
Rothmans Canada Inc.	123,600	1,709,148	2,904,600
Royal Group Technologies Ltd.	75,100	736,745	1,004,838
Samuel Manu-Tech Inc.	28,800	188,795	307,008
Smithfield Foods Inc.	23,400	840,870	782,199
Symetra Financial	20,000	2,673,000	2,670,507
Taiga Forest Products Ltd.	318,100	3,825,065	9,686,145
Torstar Corp.	385,000	8,676,300	9,548,000
Tri-White Corporation	427,500	2,379,600	3,355,875
Velan Inc.	223,200	2,656,357	2,790,000
Wescast Industries Inc., Class A	176,900	5,756,255	4,776,300
		\$ 143,230,900	\$ 177,251,628
BONDS			
Level 3 Comm., conv. 6%, 2009	1,000,000	588,769	661,927
Level 3 Comm. 12.875%, 2010	1,086,000	1,086,011	1,084,935
		\$ 1,674,780	\$ 1,746,862
TOTAL		\$ 144,905,680	\$ 178,998,490
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^{*} Common Shares Unless Indicated Otherwise.

CHOU ASIA FUND STATEMENT OF INVESTMENTS AS AT JUNE 30, 2005

	Number of Shares	Average Cost	Market Value
SHARES*			
Boskalis Westminster	16,000	\$ 501,149	\$ 765,579
Fuji Television Network	100	295,254	237,664
Glacier Ventures Int'l Corp.	315,000	756,000	992,250
Hanfeng Evergreen Inc.	163,500	342,295	392,400
Hanfeng Evergreen Inc., Warrants	163,500	-	-
Hanfeng Evergreen Inc.	57,500	115,000	138,000
Hanfeng Evergreen Inc., Warrants	28,750	-	-
MCI Inc.	60,160	1,468,591	1,895,947
Metro One Telecommunications	350,000	665,000	343,221
Nippon TV Network	3,110	549,841	518,769
Sears Holdings Corp.	14,000	447,495	2,571,929
Takefuji Corp.	17,400	1,353,349	1,442,563
The Seiyu Ltd.	159,000	599,697	351,521
UTStarcom Inc.	150,000	1,751,216	1,377,176
		\$ 8,844,885	\$11,027,019
BONDS			
Level 3 Comm., conv. 6%, 2010	3,425,000	2,338,954	2,225,116
UTStarcom, conv. 0.875%, 2008	1,000,000	759,196	858,053
		\$ 3,098,150	\$ 3,083,169
TOTAL		\$ 11,943,035	\$ 14,110,188

^{*} Common Shares Unless Indicated Otherwise.

CHOU EUROPE FUND STATEMENT OF INVESTMENTS AS AT JUNE 30, 2005

	Number of Shares	Average Cost	Market Value
SHARES*			
Boskalis Westminster	4,800	\$ 149,734	\$ 229,674
Hanfeng Evergreen Inc.	36,500	73,000	87,600
Hanfeng Evergreen Inc., Warrants	36,500	-	-
Hanfeng Evergreen Inc.	30,000	60,000	72,000
Hanfeng Evergreen Inc., Warrants	15,000	-	-
Glacier Ventures Int'l Corp.	320,000	768,000	1,008,000
MCI Inc.	18,400	372,310	579,877
Natuzzi S.p.A ADR	22,000	287,980	219,515
Ryanair Holdings	25,000	150,565	236,461
Sears Holdings Corp.	5,000	160,240	918,546
Talk America Holdings	55,197	414,801	677,276
Ultraframe PLC	200,000	255,941	202,065
		\$ 2,692,571	\$ 4,231,014
BONDS			
Global Crossing UK Fin 11.75%, 2014	180,000	420,378	359,763
Level 3 Comm., conv. 6%, 2009	737,000	519,810	487,840
, , ,	,	\$ 940,188	\$ 847,603
TOTAL		\$ 3,632,759	\$ 5,078,617

^{*} Common Shares Unless Indicated Otherwise.

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CHOU RRSP FUND

Illustration of an Assumed Investment of \$10,000

	Value of Initial	Value of	Value of	Total Value of
	\$10,000	Cumulative	Cumulative	Shares
	Investment	Reinvested	Reinvested	
		Capital	Dividends	
Period Ended		Distributions		
Dec.31, 1986	\$10,000	0	0	10,000
Dec.31, 1987	9,980	187	650	10,818
Dec.31, 1988	10,709	553	1,018	12,281
Dec.31, 1989	11,530	1,308	1,512	14,350
Dec.31, 1990	9,272	1,314	2,136	12,722
Dec.31, 1991	9,342	1,324	2,618	13,284
Dec.31, 1992	10,069	1,427	3,004	14,500
Dec.31, 1993	11,616	1,646	3,465	16,727
Dec.31, 1994	10,131	1,436	3,394	14,961
Dec.31, 1995	11,764	1,667	4,377	17,808
Dec.31, 1996	14,335	2,032	5,368	21,735
Dec.31, 1997	19,953	4,048	8,740	32,741
Dec.31, 1998	17,421	12,259	9,126	38,806
Dec.31, 1999	15,467	11,914	8,836	36,217
Dec.31, 2000	16,931	13,580	11,677	42,188
Dec.31, 2001	19,135	16,493	13,742	49,370
Dec.31, 2002	22,735	24,861	17,499	65,095
Dec.31, 2003	24,871	28,059	19,728	72,658
Dec 31, 2004	27,896	32,038	22,429	82,362
June 30, 2005				<u>\$ 87,897</u>

Note: The indicated returns are the historical annual compounded total returns assuming reinvestment of distributions and do not take into account sales, redemption, distribution or income taxes payable by the investor. Mutual funds are not guaranteed. Their values fluctuate and past performance may <u>not</u> be repeated.

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